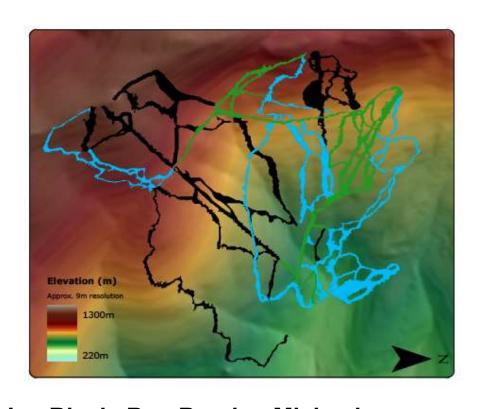
Circles () and Squares () and Diamonds (♦), Oh My! A Comparison of Ski Trails Around the U.S.

Will Ouimet and Andy Anderson Amherst College

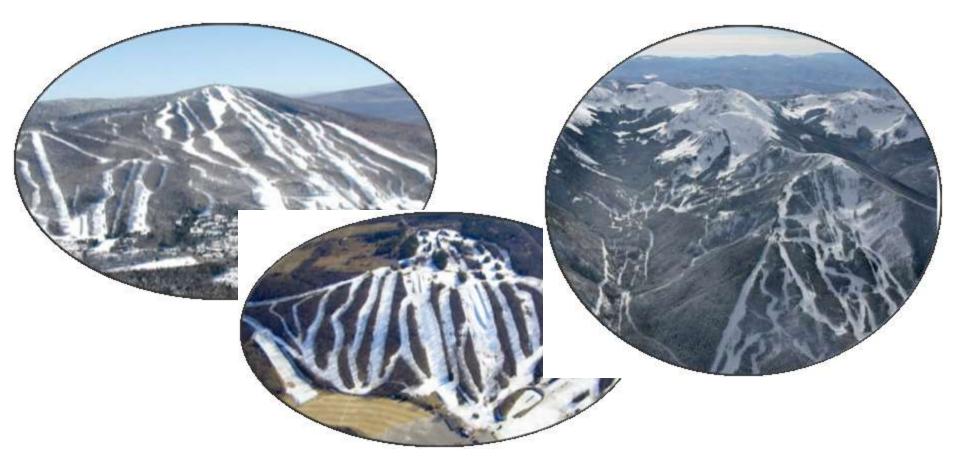
Northeast Arc Users Conference May 11th, 2010

Excerpt from Geology 36: The Geological and Environmental Analysis of Landscapes



Students: Lindsay Barbieri, Sam Bell, Joe Black, Ben Bresler, Michael Buckler, Sarah Farron, Dan Freilich, Alex Gonzalez, Andy Greenspon, Laura Huober, Dan Kekacs, Ben Klein, Ted Lichtenberger, Tom Sibley, Rebecca Siegel, Cianna Wyshnytzky

ASSIGNMENT FOR STUDENTS: Ski resorts across the country use a standard system to describe the increasing difficulty of their slopes: green circles, blue squares, black diamonds. But how do they really compare? What ski mountain will have the steepest trails, on average? Which ski mountains tend to underrate their trails, which tend to overrate their trails?



GIS Task: Use your GIS skills to link ski trails on a given mountain to slope angles measured from a Digital Elevation Model (DEM). Find and download all necessary data.

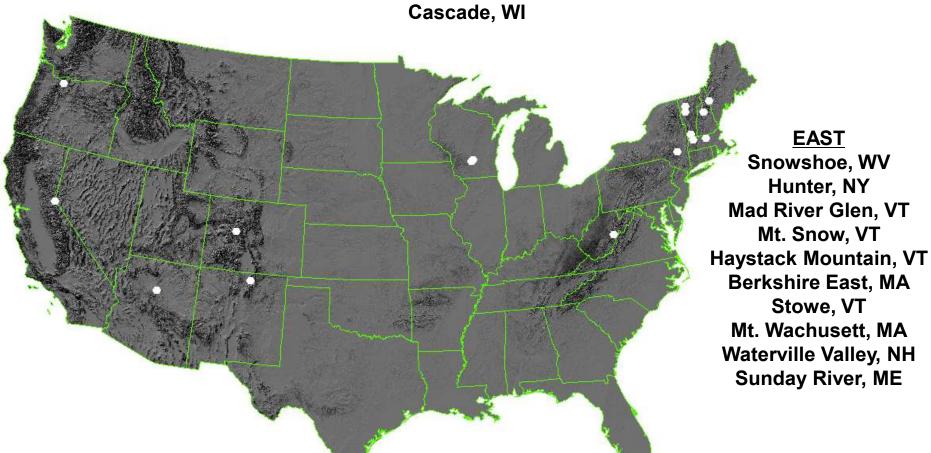
WEST

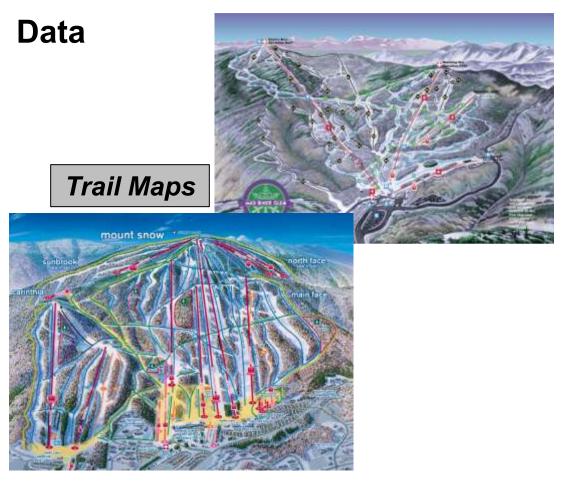
Mt. Hood Meadows, OR
Heavenly, CA
Snowbowl, AZ
Buttermilk, CO
Taos, NM

Ski Mountains of their choice ...all over the U.S...

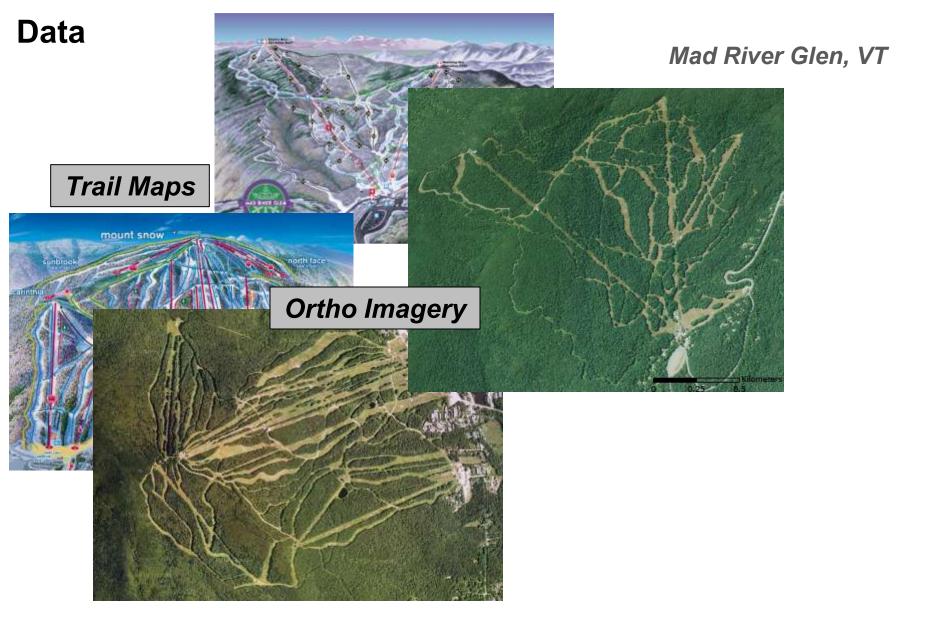
CENTER

Devil's Head, WI Cascade, WI



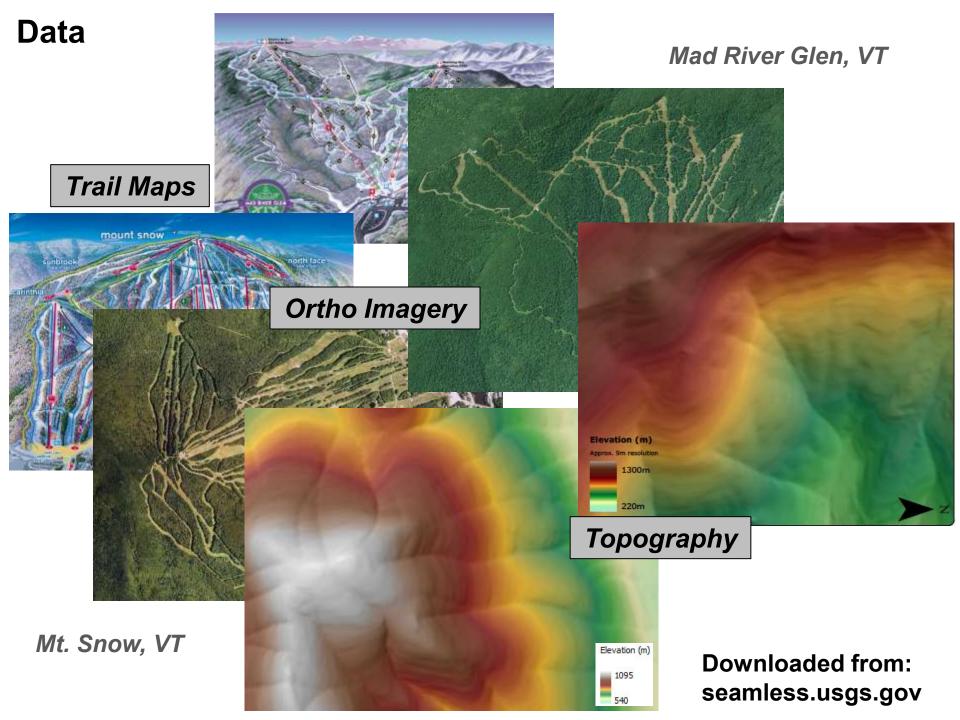


Mad River Glen, VT



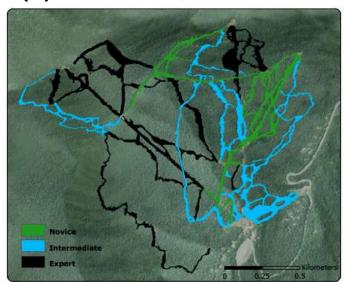
Mt. Snow, VT

Downloaded from: seamless.usgs.gov



Combine Ortho-Imagery and Trail Maps

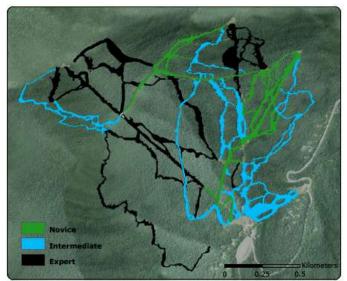
(1) Raster Classification



Mad River Glen, VT

Combine Ortho-Imagery and Trail Maps

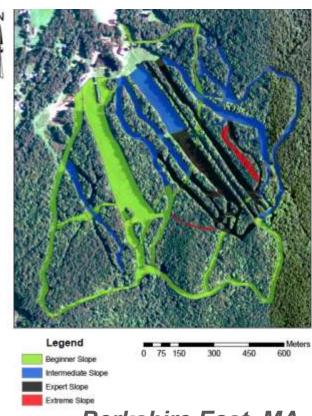
(1) Raster Classification



Mad River Glen, VT

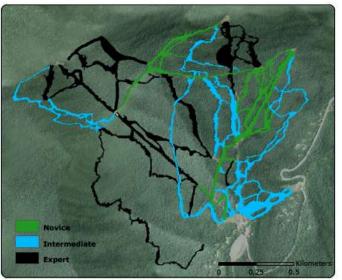
Combine Ortho-Imagery and Trail Maps

(2) Digitized Polygons



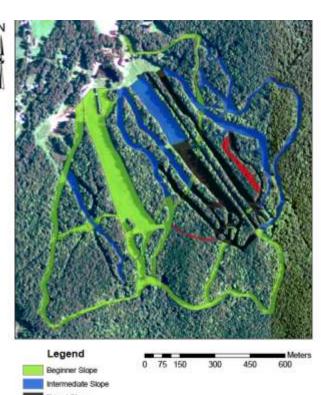
Berkshire East, MA

(1) Raster Classification



Combine Ortho-Imagery and Trail Maps

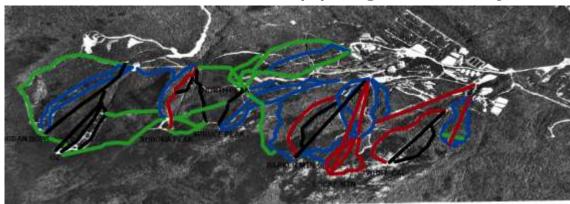
(2) Digitized Polygons



Extreme Slope

Mad River Glen, VT

(3) Digitized Polylines



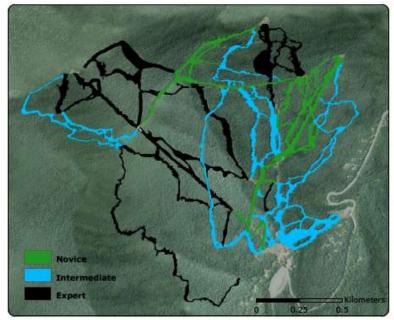
Pros/Cons: Width of Trails, Imagery and DEM Resolution...

Berkshire East, MA

Sunday River, ME



Methods: Slope Statistics...



Siope (degrees)

40

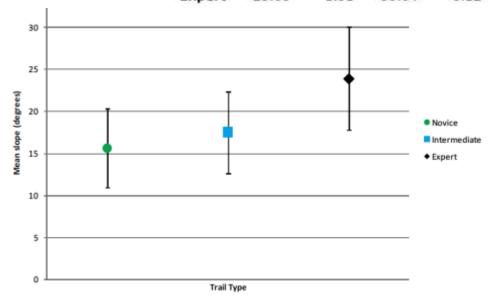
0

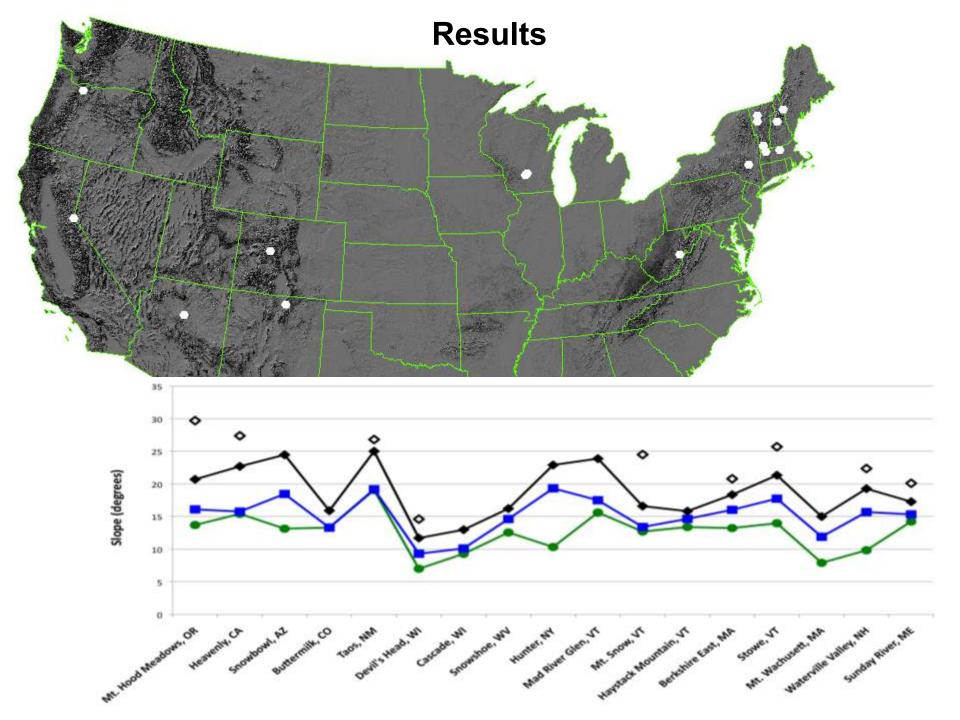
Zonal Statistics using Trail Shapefiles and ArcGIS Slope Map (slopes based on 3 x 3 cell neighborhoods)...

...Statistics for all pixels underneath trail types...

Mad River Glen, VT

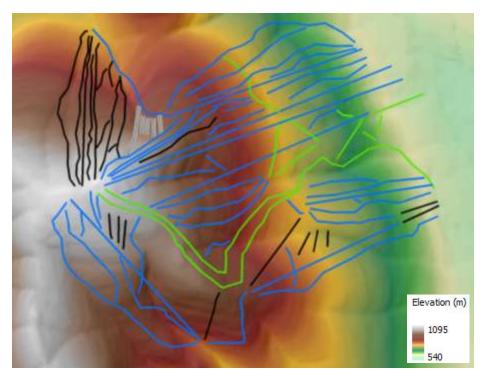
	MEAN	MIN	MAX	STD DEV
Novice	15.62	6.08	35.93	4.70
Intermediate	17.50	2.57	31.94	4.86
Expert	23.88	1.51	38.64	6.12





Results Eastern Ski Mts. generally more variable, some hold their own in Western Ski Mts. comparison to Western generally have steeper Mts., some clearly ski trails for all difficulty lower... levels, especially the Central US Ski Mts. black diamonds... generally have the lowest average ski slopes for all difficulty levels... 25 Slope (degrees) 10

Alternative Method for Slope Calculation...



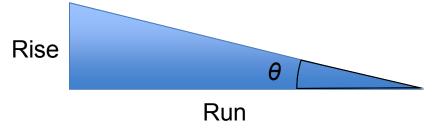
Mt. Snow, VT

Simpler approach...

For all trails, compare overall vertical drop (its rise) with its total horizontal length (its run)...

...Calculate average 'trail length' slopes for all trail types...

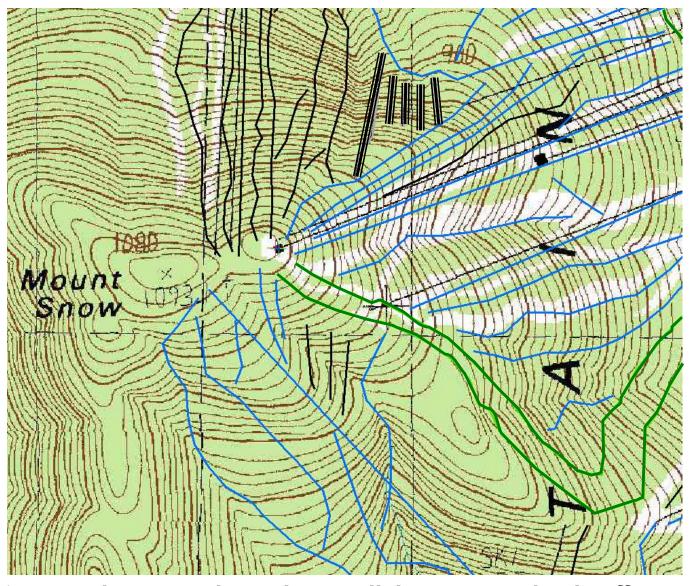
**Note that this only makes sense if the trail has a consistent decrease, which is usually the case for downhill skiing.



Why the Different Slope Method?

Hard trails tend to go 'straight down', cutting across contours and paralleling local slopes...

EasyMediumHardHardest

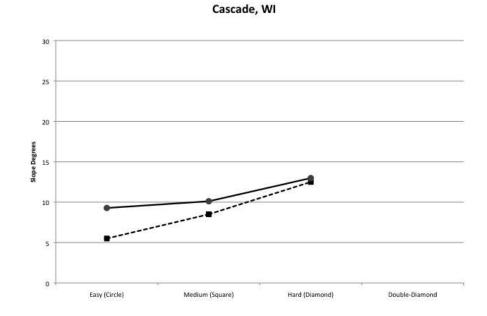


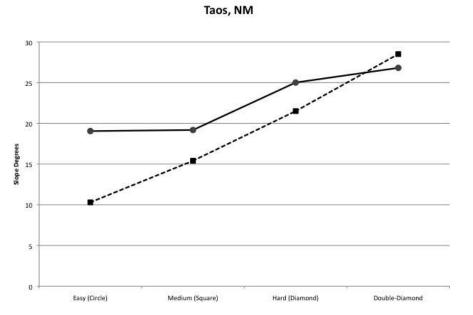
Easy trails tend to 'contour' more and may be parallel to or completely offset from local slopes, depending on the value...

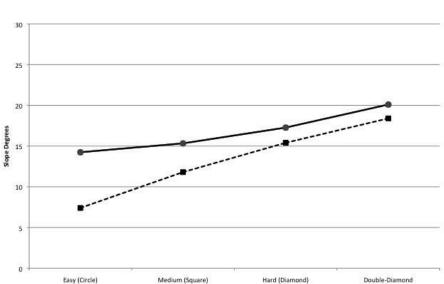
Results

Zonal, Slope Pixel Averaging Approach (solid) vs. Trail Rise/Trail Length Approach (dashed)

...As expected, the difference decreases with difficulty (i.e. it becomes more straight downhill)

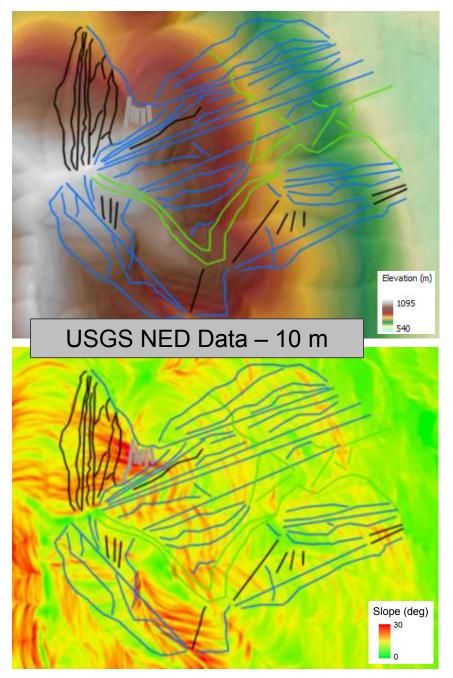


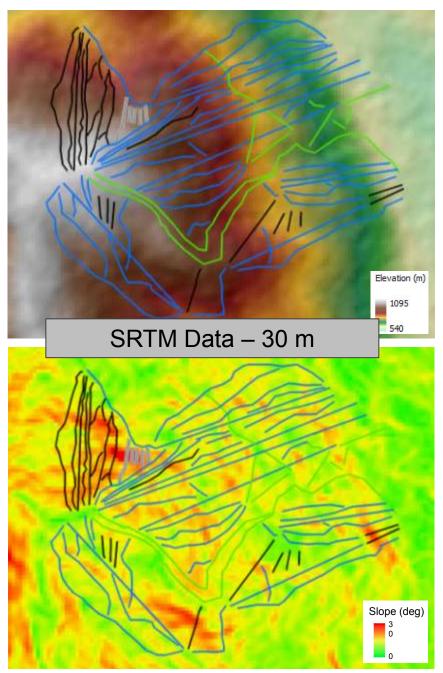




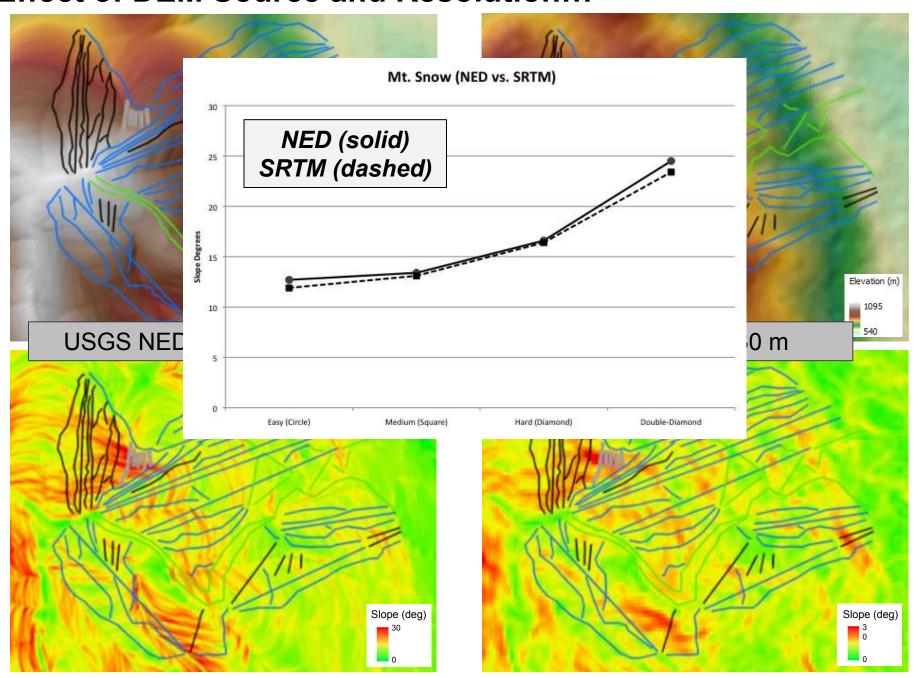
Sunday River, ME

Effect of DEM Source and Resolution...





Effect of DEM Source and Resolution...



Student Example...

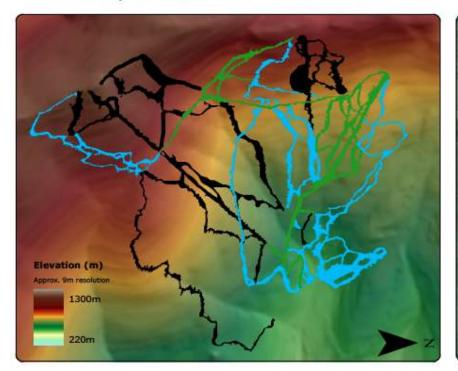
Slope assessment of the ski trails at Mad River Glen, Vermont

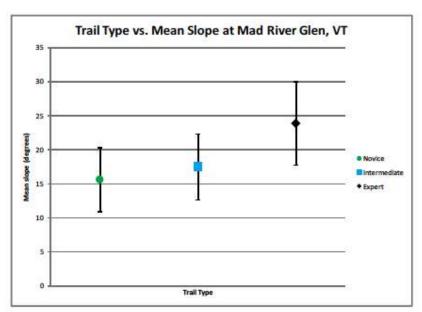
Thomas Sibley

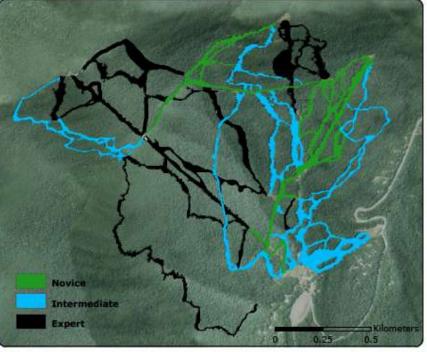
Unexpected lower slopes overall are possibly due to being too liberal with trail areas and including slopes near the top and bottom of lifts. It may also be do to long, flatter runouts to the lifts for some trails that swing wider around the mountain. The very high maximum slopes for novice and intermediate trails are likely due to the problem of incorrectly calculating slopes for traverses where a flat, groomed, lower slope trail is actually made across hillslope or cut into it.

I made binary raster images for each level of trail difficulty and then ran zonal statistics on each raster. Due to this method, standard deviation is actually the standard deviation of each pixel (approx. 9m by 9m) for the level

	MEAN	MIN	MAX	STD DEV
Novice	15.62	6.08	35.93	4.70
Intermediate	17.50	2.57	31.94	4.86
Expert	23.88	1.51	38.64	6.12



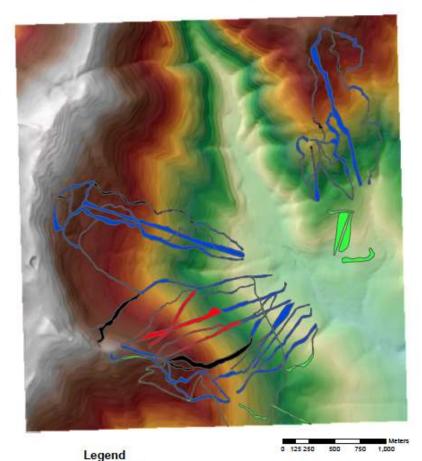




Student Example...

Ski Slopes at Stowe Mountain Resort, Vermont

Background: Surface Topography





3.95329

2.33096

3.9875

12.6746

32.3048

45.5931

40.2998

46.6433

13.9713

17.7388

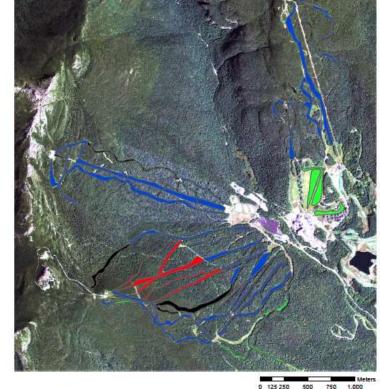
21.3253

25.7013

Easiest

More Difficult

Experts Only



Legend

Easiest

4.38826

5.68613

5.44968

5.52678

